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	6 Devanha Gardens South, ABERDEEN, AB11 7UG,		GB 0285684 A	EP 0328198 A1	US 3885331 A
	United Kingdom				
		(58)	Field of Search		
(72)	inventor(s)			) E1F FWB FWGE	
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(54) Abstract Title

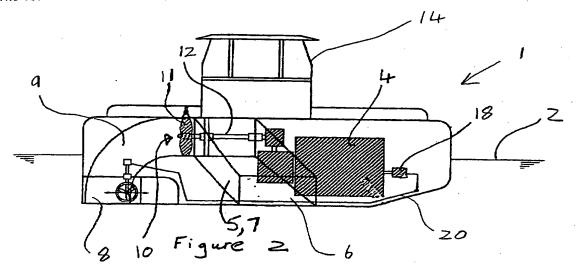
Dredging Vessel

(57) A vessel 1 designed for maintenance dredging underwater areas has a water inlet 6, a propeller 10 and a water outlet 8 pointing downwards to displace sea or riverbed material.

The propeller is rotated by an engine 4, and drives water from the inlet to the outlet.

Channels 5, 7, 9 direct the water from the inlet, through the propeller and out of the outlet. A vacuum pump evacuates the air from the channels prior to operation. The weight of water lifted in the channels provides extra ballast to counteract the thrust of the water exiting the outlet.

The vessel is manoeuvred by at least one additional propeller, and controlled from the wheelhouse 14.



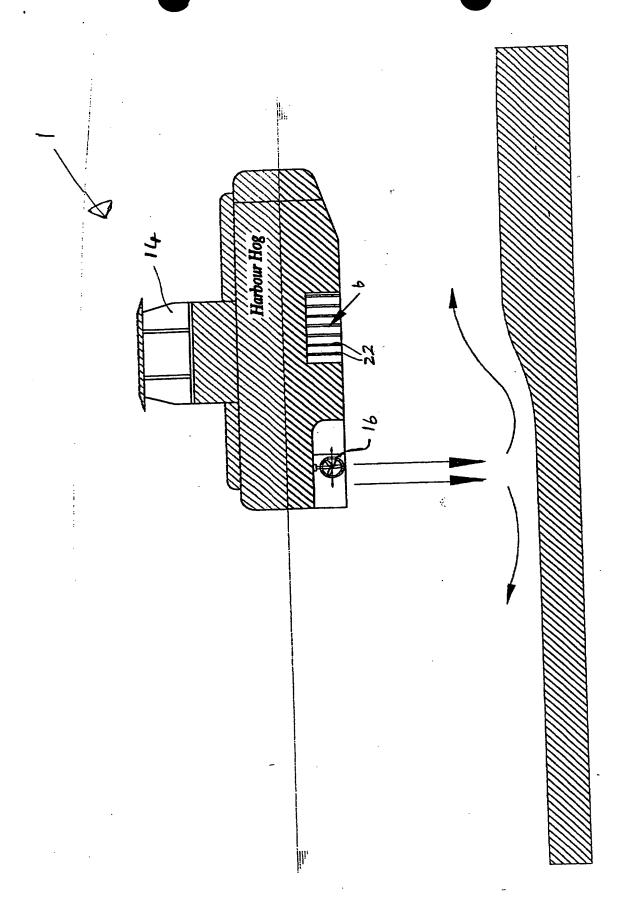


Figure 4

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According to the present invention there is provided a 1 2 vessel for excavating underwater areas comprising; 3 at least one fluid inlet and at least one fluid outlet; a drive means mounted between the fluid inlet and fluid outlet for moving fluid from the fluid inlet to fluid 5 outlet, and a motor for driving the drive means. 7 Preferably the drive means is a rotor. 8 9 10 Preferably the motor is a diesel engine. 11 Preferably the water outlet is pointing in a 12 13 substantially downwards direction, typically from the bottom of the vessel. 14 15 Preferably at least one secondary engine is present to 16 17 manoeuvre the vessel. Most preferably there are two secondary engines. Preferably the secondary engines 18 are hydraulic-powered engines having a separate power 19 20 supply but they could be powered from the motor. 21 22 Preferably the water inlets have grids or other filter means to resist passage of solid objects into the 23 inlet. 24 25 Preferably the rotor has blades attached thereto. 26 27 Preferably the fluid inlets are water inlets. 28 29 Typically fluid moving between the inlet and the outlet 30 31 is lifted above the level of the inlet, typically by directing it through a channel that extends upwards 32

which an operator may control the workboat 1 and the 1 drive means. 2 3 The diesel engine 4 rotates the shaft 12 and the 4 The rotation of the propeller 10 propeller 10. 5 evacuates air from the inlet channels 5, 7 and draws 6 water into the water inlets 6 and through the inlet 7 channels 5, 7 past the propeller 10. The water is then 8 forced through the outlet channel 9. The outlet 9 channel 9 contains a 90° bend to direct the water 10 downwards and out through the water outlet 8 on the 11 bottom of the workboat 1. The propeller thus produces 12 a low velocity, high volume column of water directed 13 vertically downwards towards the seabed directly 14 beneath the workboat 1. 15 16 The water inlets 6 are normally beneath the water line 17 2 when the workboat 1 is operating. The inlet channels 18 5, 7 extend inwards across the workboat and towards the 19 long axis of the workboat 1 at an angle greater than 90° 20 but less than 180°, preferably around 110° - 160° and 21 typically 135°. Arranging the inlet channels at this 22 angle has the advantage that water is forced through 23 the inlet channels 5, 7 when the workboat 1 is moving 24 in its normal forwards direction. 25 26 The inlet channels 5, 7 also extend upwards from the 27 inlets 6 in order to lift the water in the channels 5, 28 7 above the waterline 2. The weight of the water 29 lifted in the channels 5, 7, 9 provides extra ballast

to counteract the thrust of the water being forced

downwards through the outlet 8. Additionally, the

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1 The workboat 1 can excavate all non-cohesive materials such as cobbles, gravel, sand, silt, sediment or soft 2 clay, (normally with shear strength less than 15kPa) and 3 4 can operate in moderate currents of up to 5 knots. Excavation rates of up to 1000m3/h may be obtained. 5 6 is to be understood that the invention is not limited to excavation of these materials, in these currents or 7 8 at such an excavation rate. 9 Normally the workboat 1 will be used in shallow water 10 depths such as those between 2 metres and 15 metres. 11 12 It is to be understood that the invention is not 13 limited to operation in this depth. The local tidal 14 range allows the dredging of normally deeper areas at Similarly particularly shallow areas may be 15 low tide. 16 dredged at high tide. 17 18 When the workboat 1 is not dredging, the channels 5, 7, 9 contain air above sea level. 19 This allows access for 20 maintenance or repair. 21 Modifications, changes, improvements and variations may 22 be made without departing from the scope of the 23 24 invention. 26

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Claims searched:

All

Examiner:

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## Patents Act 1977 Search Report under Section 17

## Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.S): E1F; FWB, FWGE

Int Cl (Ed.7): E02F

Other:

Online: WPI, EPODOC, PAJ

## Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	egory Identity of document and relevant passage		Relevant to claims
х	GB0,285,684	(Stewart) Esp. fig 2	1,2,6
x	EP0,328,198A1	(Rapid Multipurpose (UK) Wing Dredging Co. Ltd) Esp. Figs 2-5.	1-5
х	US3,885,331	(Mathieu) Esp. Fig 1.	1,2,6

& Member of the same patent family

- A Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
- P Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.
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Y Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.